

**Task 1** (40 points)

Associate the complex function

$$f(z) = f_1(x, y) + i f_2(x, y), \quad z = x + iy, \quad (1)$$

with the vector field

$$\vec{F}^*(x, y) = f_1(x, y) \hat{e}_x - f_2(x, y) \hat{e}_y. \quad (2)$$

In which sense is the imaginary part of a complex contour integral of  $f(z)$  around a closed contour related to the divergence of  $\vec{F}^*$ ? Derive a corresponding relation and argue, by pointing out a particular plot in the notes, that the function  $f(z) = 1/z$  might be special in this regard. *You may use lecture notes.*

**Task 2** (40 points)

For a complex function

$$f(z) = f_1(x, y) + i f_2(x, y), \quad z = x + iy, \quad (3)$$

we have derived the Cauchy–Riemann differential equations

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x} = 0. \quad (4)$$

Now consider a function  $f = f(z^*)$  as opposed to  $f = f(z)$ . *Derive the analogue of the Cauchy–Riemann differential equations for a function  $f = f(z^*)$ .*

**Task 3** (40 points)

Evaluate the complex contour integral

$$\int_{C(a,b)} \frac{1}{z} dz \quad (5)$$

where  $C(a, b)$  is a closed contour, centered at the origin, around an ellipsoid with half axes  $a$  (in the  $x$  direction) and  $b$  (in the  $y$  direction). *Use the contour as indicated in the task. Just quoting general results, even if correct, will result in zero credit. Again, use the contour as indicated in the task.*

*Hint:* You might proceed as follows. Find a suitable parameterization of the ellipsoid in the complex plane. Parameterize a point on the ellipsoid by an angle  $\theta$ . For example, try an ansatz  $z(\theta) = a \cos(\theta) + ib \sin(\theta)$ . Differentiate with respect to  $\theta$  to get  $dz$ . Then, integrate the function.

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The tasks are due Thursday, 11–FEB–2021.